



Open Academy

Relationship Policy

Policy Type: Academy Policy

Approved By: Local Governing Body

Date Approved by LGB: 26/01/2023

Review Date: January 2024

Person Responsible: Principal

Summary of Changes

The policy has been amended as follows.

Page Ref.	Section	Amendment	Date of Change
All	All	Brand new Academy Policy	Jan 2023

General Policy Roles and Accountabilities

The Diocese of Norwich Education and Academies Trust (DNEAT) is accountable for all policies across its Academies. All policies, whether relating to an individual Academy or the whole Trust, will be written and implemented in line with our ethos and values as articulated in our prospectus. We are committed to the provision of high-quality education in the context of the Christian values of service, thankfulness and humility where individuals are valued, aspirations are high, hope is nurtured, and talents released.

A Scheme of Delegation for each Academy sets out the responsibilities of the Local Governing Body and Principal. The Principal of each Academy is responsible for the implementation of all policies of the Academy Trust.

All employees of the Academy Trust are subject to the Trust's policies.

Relationship policy

The Open Academy sees everyone as a blessing. This means that everyone has the opportunity to learn and develop in an inclusive and values driven environment.

The 'Open Way' is based on evidence informed best practice. Our Positive Behaviour Policy was developed with the 'Pivotal' approach, and we are confidently a 'Trauma Informed School' and a 'Thrive' school.

A principle of our Positive Behaviour policy is: 'the Academy encourages positive relationships between all members of the community' We believe in the promotion of positive relationships, both in school and in the wider community, whereby our core values can be promoted and live through the Open Way. Just one emotionally available adult in the Academy, community or at home can make all the difference.

The Open Academy is invested in supporting the very best possible relational health between:

Parent/s, carer and child

Child and child

Child and Academy staff

Parent and Academy staff

Academy staff

Academy staff and Senior Leads

Academy staff and external agencies

As an Academy, we ensure there is a balance between high expectations and structure, alongside care and support. This approach will lead to higher academic success as well as greater emotional and mental health for our students.

To this end our school is committed to educational practices which Protect, Relate, Regulate and Reflect:

Protect

- Increased 'safety cues' in all aspects of the school day, 'meet and greet' each morning before the start of the school day and at the classroom door.
- Staff trained in 'PACE' modes of interaction (Hughes, 2015): being warm, empathic, playful and curious (proven to shift children out of flight/flight/freeze positions).
- Staff ensure that interactions with children are socially engaging and not socially defensive, to decrease likelihood of children relating defensively (fight/flight/freeze).
- A whole-school commitment to cease all use of harsh voices, shouting, put-downs, criticisms, and shaming (proven to be damaging psychologically and neurologically).
- Staff 'interactively repair' occasions when they themselves move into defensiveness.
- Pedagogic interventions that help staff to get to know children better on an individual basis e.g. "I wish my teacher knew" (what matters to them, who matters to them, their dreams, hopes). This is

key to enabling children to feel safe enough to talk, if they wish, about painful life experiences, which are interfering with their ability to learn and their quality of life.

- Vulnerable children have easy and daily access to at least one named, emotionally-available adult, and know when and where to find that adult. If the child does not wish to connect with the allocated adult, an alternative person is found.
- School staff adjust expectations around vulnerable children to correspond with their developmental capabilities and experience of traumatic stress. This includes removing vulnerable and traumatised children in a kind and non-judgmental way from situations they are not managing well (e.g. children who are continually triggered into alarm states can access a calmer, safe/green space with an emotionally regulating adult).
- Provision of a clear, confidential and non-shaming system of self-referral for children to access support.
- The nurturing of staff in such a way that they feel truly valued and emotionally-regulated and in so doing to support them to interact throughout the school day with positive social engagement rather than defensiveness.

Relate

- A whole-school commitment to enabling children to see themselves, their relationships and the world positively, rather than through a lens of threat, danger or self-blame.
- Vulnerable children are provided with repeated relational opportunities (with emotionally-available adults) to make the shift from 'blocked trust' (not feeling psychologically safe with anyone) to trust, and from self-help to 'help seeking'.

Regulate

- Relational interventions specifically designed to bring down stress hormone levels (e.g. from toxic to tolerable) in vulnerable children, enabling them to feel calm, soothed and safe. This is to support learning, quality of life and protect against stress induced physical and mental illness, now and in later life.
- Evidence-based interventions that aim to repair psychological damage and brain damage caused by traumatic life experiences, through emotionally regulating, playful, enriched adult-child interactions.
- The emotional well-being and regulating of staff is treated as a priority to prevent burn-out, stress related absence, or leaving the profession through stress-related illness, secondary trauma and/or feeling undervalued, blamed or shamed.
- Designated staff-only spaces, which are specifically designed to support the release of natural antistress, pro-social neurochemicals (opioids and oxytocin). Timetabled times for staff to use these spaces.

Reflect

• Staff development and training in the art of good listening, dialogue, empathy and understanding (instead of asking a series of questions/giving lectures).

- Provision of skills and resources to support parents and staff in meaningful empathic conversations with vulnerable children who want to talk about their lives. This is to empower children to better manage their home situations and life in general.
- Within the context of an established and trusted relationship with a member of staff ('working alliance'), children are given the means and opportunity to symbolise painful life experiences through images as well as words, as a key part of 'working through' these experiences and memory re-consolidation. Means include the provision of different modes of expression, e.g. art/play/drama/music/emotion worksheets/emotion cards.
- Our Skills for Life curriculum is used as preventative input, informed by current research (psychology and neuroscience) on mental health, mental ill-health (full range of specific conditions), relationships (including parenting) emotions, social media and tools for how to 'do life well'. Curricular content enables children to make informed choices about how they relate to others, how they live their lives, and how they treat their brains, bodies and minds.
- Staff development and training to help children move from 'behaving' their trauma/painful life experiences, to reflecting on those experiences. Staff learn to do this through empathic conversation, addressing children's negative self-referencing and helping them develop positive, coherent narratives about their lives.
- A Behaviour Policy is focused not on punishment, sanctions and isolation, but one that models enquiry, reflection, resolution and interactive repair (e.g. restorative conversations).

(Please note that the term children refer to both children and teenagers across our Academy)